



Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Meguiars G2503 Hot Rims Wheel and Tire Cleaner Aerosol (G250320)

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Custom Compound

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	Meguiar's, Inc.
DIVISION:	Meguiar's
ADDRESS:	213 Technology Dr, Irvine, CA 92618
Telephone:	1-800-347-5700

1.4. Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms

**Hazard Statements**

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes damage to organs:
cardiovascular system |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:
respiratory system |

Precautionary Statements**General:**

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye/face protection.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

1% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

7% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
BUTANE	106-97-8	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	2605-79-0	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	2807-30-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
SODIUM METASILICATE	6834-92-0	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	68439-57-6	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
PROPANE	74-98-6	< 3 Trade Secret *
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	64-02-8	< 2 Trade Secret *

Any remaining components do not contribute to the hazards of this material.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the respiratory tract (coughing, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain). Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. For large spills, if necessary, get assistance from professional spill clean up team. For small spills, carefully neutralize spill by adding appropriate dilute acid such as vinegar. Work slowly to avoid boiling or spattering. Continue to add neutralizing agent until reaction stops. Let cool before collecting. Or use a commercially available caustic (alkaline or basic) spill clean-up kit. Follow kit directions exactly. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for use in transportation by appropriate authorities. The container must be lined with polyethylene plastic or contain a plastic drum liner made of polyethylene. Clean up residue with water. Cover, but do not seal for 48 hours. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from acids.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
BUTANE	106-97-8	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	
Natural gas	106-97-8	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	simple asphyxiant
PROPANE	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	simple asphyxiant
PROPANE	74-98-6	OSHA	TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering controls**

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Specific Physical Form:	Emulsion
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	<i>No Data Available</i>
pH	12 - 13.5
Melting point	<i>No Data Available</i>
Boiling Point	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flash Point	200 °F
Evaporation rate	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Pressure	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Density	<i>No Data Available</i>
Density	1.05 - 1.10 g/ml
Specific Gravity	1.05 - 1.10
Solubility in Water	Complete
Solubility- non-water	Complete
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Viscosity	1 mPa-s
Volatile Organic Compounds	7.9 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions. This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Not determined

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**Substance****Condition**

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be

reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
BUTANE	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
SODIUM METASILICATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,640 mg/kg
SODIUM METASILICATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 500 mg/kg
PROPANE	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 1,337 mg/kg

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 11.1 mg/l
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,089 mg/kg
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,300 mg/kg
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 52 mg/l
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,079 mg/kg
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,658 mg/kg
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BUTANE	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
SODIUM METASILICATE	Rabbit	Corrosive
PROPANE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Rabbit	Irritant
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BUTANE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
SODIUM METASILICATE	In vitro data	Corrosive
PROPANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Rabbit	Corrosive
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Rabbit	Corrosive
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	In vitro data	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
SODIUM METASILICATE	Mouse	Not classified
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Guinea pig	Not classified
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Human and animal	Not classified
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
BUTANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

SODIUM METASILICATE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
SODIUM METASILICATE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
PROPANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
SODIUM METASILICATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	4 generation
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	4 generation
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BUTANE	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
BUTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
BUTANE	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
BUTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
SODIUM METASILICATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
PROPANE	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
PROPANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
PROPANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BUTANE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
SODIUM METASILICATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
SODIUM METASILICATE	Ingestion	endocrine system blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 804 mg/kg/day	3 months
SODIUM METASILICATE	Ingestion	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,259 mg/kg/day	8 weeks
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 195 mg/kg/day	2 years
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETE TRAACETATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.003 mg/l	13 weeks
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETE TRAACETATE	Inhalation	liver heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.015 mg/l	13 weeks
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETE TRAACETATE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TETRASODIUM ETHYLENEDIAMINETE TRAACETATE	Ingestion	heart gastrointestinal tract muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.33 mg/application	91 days
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Ingestion	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar compounds	NOAEL 88 mg/kg/day	90 days
DECYL-N,N-DIMETHYLAMINE OXIDE	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	14 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact manufacturer for more information

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**Physical Hazards**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER (CAS NO SEQ548L1)	2807-30-9	Trade Secret 1 - 5
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER (GLYCOL ETHERS)	2807-30-9	Trade Secret 1 - 5

15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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